THE ARMENIAN EYECARE PROJECT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018



CPAS & ADVISORS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
The Armenian EyeCare Project
Newport Beach, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Armenian EyeCare Project (a California Non-Profit Public Benefit Corporation), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Armenian EyeCare Project as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

July 27, 2021

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THE ARMENIAN EYECARE PROJECT STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2019 and 2018

ASSETS

CURRENT ACCETS		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments Prepaid expenses Deposits	\$	225,680 1,195,352 - 900	\$ 396,014 1,362,777 1,365 60,680
Total current assets		1,421,932	1,820,836
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		1,112,553	 1,286,477
	\$	2,534,485	\$ 3,107,313
LIABILITIES AND NET A	SSETS	3	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued expenses	\$	19,068	\$ 62,338
Total current liabilities		19,068	62,338
TOTAL NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS		2,515,417	 3,044,975
	\$	2,534,485	\$ 3,107,313

THE ARMENIAN EYECARE PROJECT STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

REVENUES AND GAINS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	<u>2019</u>	% of <u>Revenue</u>	<u>2018</u>	% of <u>Revenue</u>
Donations Special events Donations in-kind Interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized	\$ 589,798 267,121 319,988 37,179	43.60% 19.75 23.65 2.75	\$ 1,418,664 333,969 529,770 43,231	63.74% 15.00 23.80 1.94
gains (losses) on investments	<u>138,696</u>	10.25	(99,758)	(4.48)
Total revenues and gains	1,352,782	<u>100.00</u> %	2,225,876	100.00%
EXPENSES Program Fund development and marketing Administrative and general	1,420,450 206,852 255,038		1,823,390 430,983 229,720	
Total expenses	1,882,340		2,484,093	
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	(529,558)		(258,217)	
NET ASSETS, beginning	3,044,975		3,303,192	
NET ASSETS, ending	\$ <u>2,515,417</u>		\$ <u>3,044,975</u>	

THE ARMENIAN EYECARE PROJECT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Increase (decrease) in unrestricted net assets Adjustment to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (529,558)	\$ (258,217)
Depreciation	339,934	302,881
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments (Increase) decrease in:	(138,696)	99,758
Prepaid expenses Deposits	1,365 59,780	(1,365) (60,680)
Increase (decrease) in: Accrued expenses	 (43,270)	 43,809
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (310,445)	 126,186
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of investments, net of investment fees Proceeds from sales of investments Purchases of equipment	 (28,879) 335,000 (166,010)	 (33,608) - (711,054)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 140,111	 (744,662)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(170,334)	(618,476)
CASH, beginning	 396,014	 1,014,490
CASH, ending	\$ 225,680	\$ 396,014

NOTE 1: THE ORGANIZATION

The Armenian EyeCare Project (AECP), is a California Non-Profit Public Benefit Corporation, (the Organization). The purpose of the AECP is to provide eye care and to assist in the prevention and treatment of blindness, eye disease and eye injuries in Armenia and such other places throughout the world as designated by the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Public support and revenue

The Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are resources available to support operations and not subject to donor restrictions. The only limits on the use of net assets without donor restrictions are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the Organization, the environment in which it operates, the purposes specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations.

Net assets with donor restrictions are resources that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions. When a donor restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

Contributions of donated non-cash assets are recorded at their fair values in the period received. Equipment with a fair value greater than \$500 is capitalized while equipment with a fair value less than \$500 is expensed as program costs. All consumables, regardless of fair value, such as medical supplies and pharmaceuticals are expensed at their fair value and are reflected in program costs.

Donated services

Contributions of donated services that create or enhance non-financial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received. Donated services for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$20,350 and \$28,600, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows the Organization considers all highly liquid short-term investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of credit risk from financial instruments

The Organization maintains its cash accounts with financial institutions. The Organization from time to time may have bank deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles necessarily requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Income taxes

The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and exempt from California franchise tax under Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

The accounting standard on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under that guidance, the Organization may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities based on the technical merits of the position. Examples of tax positions include the tax-exempt status of the Organization and various positions related to the potential sources of unrelated business taxable income (UBTI). The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. There were no unrecognized tax benefits identified or recorded as liabilities for 2019 and 2018.

The Organization files its Form 990 in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the office of the state's attorney general for the State of California and its Form 199 with the California Franchise Tax Board. The Organization is generally no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service or the California Franchise Tax Board for years before 2016.

Investments

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying Statements of Activities.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Mobile hospital	10 years
Medical equipment	7 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Tent	5 years
Office equipment, furniture and fixtures	5-7 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Computer software, website and database	3 years

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property and equipment (continued)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is charged to operations as incurred, whereas expenditures which materially extend property lives are capitalized. When depreciable property is retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in income.

NOTE 3: INVESTMENTS

The Organization's investments as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are recorded at fair value as summarized below:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Unrestricted		
FNMA Gtd Pass thru Pool	\$ 8,770	\$ 9,593
Russell 2000 Value Index Fund	120,865	108,938
Russell 1000 Value Index Fund	124,333	109,051
Russell 1000 Growth Index Fund	89,367	71,608
Standard and Poors Depository	74,672	62,480
Ishares MSCI Emerging Markets	40,383	37,888
Western Asset Management High Income Fund	26,263	26,705
Calvert Short Duration Income Fund	49,657	46,751
Clough Global Allocation Fund	-	25,325
FT Templeton Global Bond A	81,947	81,227
FT Franklin Strategic Income A	47,011	43,313
Loomis Sayles Strategic Income Fund	67,228	60,538
Neuberger Strategic Income Fund	47,382	42,851
Pioneer Strategic Income Fund	47,839	43,276
Blackrock Global Allocation Fund	-	62,854
Ishares Floating Rate Bond	92,216	137,231
Vanguard Inter-Term Bond	117,485	129,089
Vanguard Short-Term Bond	99,070	127,755
Vanguard International Equity Index Fund	51,063	46,674
UBS Bank Business Account	 9,801	 89,630
Total unrestricted investments	\$ 1,195,352	\$ 1,362,777

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification in the statements of activities for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) Investment fees	\$ 37,149 138,696 (8,266)	\$ 43,064 (99,758) (9,456)
Net investment return	\$ 167,579	\$ (66,150)

The Organization's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, currency and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments and the level of uncertainty related to changes in value of investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term could materially affect investment assets reported in the financial statements.

NOTE 4: LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The Organization has approximately \$1,421,000 of financial assets available within 1 year of the balance sheet date to meet cash needs for general expenditures consisting of cash of \$226,000 and investments of \$1,195,000. None of the financial assets are subject to donor or other contractual restrictions that make them unavailable for general expenditures within one year of the balance sheet date. The Organization has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

NOTE 5: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The balance of property and equipment as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is summarized as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Mobile hospital	\$ 274,054	\$ 274,054
Medical equipment	4,513,428	4,347,418
Vehicles	111,387	111,387
Tent	12,052	12,052
Office equipment	42,447	42,447
Furniture and fixtures	27,252	27,252
Computer equipment	13,674	13,674
Computer software, website and database	 94,568	 94,568
Total property and equipment	5,088,862	4,922,852
Less accumulated depreciation	 (3,976,309)	 (3,636,375)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,112,553	\$ 1,286,477

Depreciation and amortization expense charged to operations for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$339,934 and \$302,881, respectively.

NOTE 6: FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

The costs of providing program services and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program and supporting services benefited.

NOTE 7: FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The following schedules summarize the functional expenses and their classification in the statements of activities for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

December 31, 2019

	<u>Program</u>	Fund <u>Development</u>	Administrative and General	<u>Total</u>
Banking	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,612	\$ 4,612
Computer expenses	7,346	-	41,412	48,758
Depreciation	338,945	_	989	339,934
Dues and subscriptions	-	_	785	785
Education	7,561	_	6,835	14,396
Equipment and supplies	94,408	420	4,020	98,848
Events and meetings	253	115,578	138	115,969
Insurance	-	-	17,107	17,107
Marketing and public			,	,
relations	30,747	16,018	148	46,913
Office space	32,951	· -	6,552	39,503
Personnel	283,351	41,934	89,005	414,290
Postage and shipping	8,955	· -	8,173	17,128
Printing and production	49,864	32,698	20	82,582
Professional services	144,438	204	60,552	205,194
Taxes, licenses and fees	325	-	1,414	1,739
Telephone	-	-	7,099	7,099
Travel	91,666	-	2,508	94,174
Vehicles	9,652	-	2,578	12,230
Website			1,091	1,091
	<u>1,100,462</u>	206,852	255,038	1,562,352
In-kind expenses				
Physician services	20,350	_	-	20,350
Equipment and supplies	285,100	-	-	285,100
Travel	14,538	-	<u>-</u>	14,538
	319,988	-		319,988
Totals	\$ <u>1,420,450</u>	\$ <u>206,852</u>	\$ <u>255,038</u>	\$ <u>1,882,340</u>

NOTE 7: FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES (continued)

December 31, 2018

	<u>Program</u>	Fund <u>Development</u>	Administrative and General	<u>Total</u>
Banking	\$ 151	\$ -	\$ 5,067	\$ 5,218
Computer expenses	2,535	18,545	40,664	61,744
Depreciation .	301,889	· -	992	302,881
Education	21,811	-	-	21,811
Equipment and supplies	190,861	-	6,847	197,708
Events and meetings	-	166,912	159	167,071
Insurance	5,424	· -	18,069	23,493
Marketing and public				
relations	3,062	5,511	92	8,665
Office space	46,568	-	3,864	50,432
Personnel	401,824	95,971	76,242	574,037
Postage and shipping	36,407	4,156	3,058	43,621
Printing and production	111,958	122,376	-	234,334
Professional services	112,354	11,759	49,119	173,232
Taxes, licenses and fees	130	-	2,669	2,799
Telephone	1,673	-	10,657	12,330
Travel	55,333	-	432	55,765
Vehicles	1,640	-	8,752	10,392
Website	_	<u>5,753</u>	3,037	8,790
	1,293,620	430,983	229,720	1,954,323
In-kind expenses				
Physician services	28,600	_	-	28,600
Equipment and supplies	473,549	-	-	473,549
Travel	27,621			27,621
	529,770			529,770
Totals	\$ <u>1,823,390</u>	\$ <u>430,983</u>	\$ <u>229,720</u>	\$ <u>2,484,093</u>

NOTE 8: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurement, defines fair value, establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. It also establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the assets fall within three different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the assets. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 – These are assets where values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets. All investments currently held by the Organization are considered to be level 1.

Level 2 – These are assets where values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly. The Organization currently has no level 2 assets.

Level 3 – These are assets where there is limited activity or unobservable market prices and pricing models significant to determining fair value measurement include the reporting entity's own assumptions about market risk. The Organization currently has no level 3 inputs.

Fair value of assets measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

<u>December 31, 2019</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
Investments – registered investment companies	\$ <u>1,195,352</u>	\$ <u>1,195,352</u>
Total	\$ <u>1,195,352</u>	\$ <u>1,195,352</u>
<u>December 31, 2018</u>		
Investments – registered investment companies	\$1,362,777	\$ <u>1,362,777</u>
Total	\$1,362,777	\$ <u>1,362,777</u>

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the report date, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.